

STRIKE SETTLED.

Journeyman Plumbers Return to Work.

NINE HOUR DAY GRANTED.

They Will Receive a Minimum Wage of \$3—The Old Hours to Prevail with the New Scale on All Old Contracts—The Agreement to be Good Until April 1.

The striking journeymen plumbers settled their differences with the master plumbers Wednesday afternoon. The session lasted four hours and the settlement is in the nature of a compromise. None of the state officers of the plumbers' organization were present, as their coming was not deemed necessary unless the parties in the controversy failed to agree.

The new scale as adopted grants to the plumbers a ten hour day with the old scale on all contracts closed before June 12. On all contracts closed after that date the nine-hour day will be in force with a minimum wage of \$3. The eight-hour day which was asked by the strikers for Saturday was not granted. They also asked that the contract run until the first of June, 1902. After a great deal of discussion they decided to forego this demand also. The date for the expiration of the agreement was fixed at April 1. It was also stipulated that either party in the agreement should notify the other of any desired change at least thirty days before the change was to go into effect.

Heretofore there has been no scale of prices. The men were paid wages all the way from \$1.50 to \$4 per day. Under the new agreement the minimum wage will be \$3. All the plumbers returned to their work this morning with the exception of two employed by Pinkle & Gleitsman. These men were laid off by their employers. Mr. Pinkle stated that while the men were good men they were not sufficiently expert in the business to demand a full plumbers' wages. It is understood that the men have secured employment elsewhere. Pinkle & Gleitsman will shortly have expert men to take the places.

NEARBY TOWN NEWS.

CANAL FULTON NEWS.

CANAL FULTON, June 14.—Miss Ada Kirk is spending a week or more with her sister, Mrs. W. N. Myers.

Mrs. A. B. Campbell left Saturday for Delaware, to be present at the graduation of her nephew, Harry Brown.

Mrs. Beecher Moke arrived home from Lima Monday, for a month's visit with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. David Jackson.

Mrs. Brumberger, of Cleveland, is the guest her mother, Mrs. A. Mitzel.

Miss Emma Kuebler, of Massillon, was in town last week attending the commencement exercises, the guest of Miss Rose Leavers.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Mr. Albert Andree, of Akron, and Miss Jessie Simmons, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Simmons, Wednesday, June 26.

The eighteen members of the graduating class, together with Superintendent Focht and Miss Breese, of Cleveland, enjoyed an outing at Turkeyfoot lake Tuesday.

At last the new bridge is completed. When the driveway is paved or macadamized it will be one of the best bridges in the state.

The tool works resumed operations Monday, after having been closed for three weeks, and the prospects are for steady work.

The workmen are down some seventy-five feet on the Burkholder farm with the new shaft. They expect to go some fifty feet more before they reach the coal.

The potato market was brisk at this place the last week buying for the foreign markets. Forty cents was the ruling price.

URBAN HILL NEWS.

URBAN HILL, June 13.—Messrs. F. H. Merrick and N. D. Moser, of Wooster, are guests of F. C. Mock, a school fellow.

The Rev. J. H. Miller has returned from a ten-day trip to Kansas. He came back with a favorable impression of that great state. Farmers there are harvesting their wheat.

John Featherstone and family spent Saturday and Sunday visiting friends in Barborton and Akron.

Mrs. Clara Wilson and Miss Grace Newstetter are in Akron as delegates to the Young People's Christian Union.

A fine entertainment will be given in district No. 3, Saturday evening, for the benefit of the school library.

The suit between Newt Bowman and Andy Smith, last Saturday, in Burton City, resulted in a verdict by the jury in favor of the latter.

John Jorman will graduate from the Massillon high school next week with honors.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kurtz entertained most hospitably, Sunday afternoon, the families of D. F. Mock and Hugh Wilson.

J. R. Lawrence returned from the great stock sale at Chicago last week, without any cattle. The prices, he says, were "way out of sight."

J. Newstetter, of the Massillon Bee Hive, was seen on our streets Tuesday.

VOTING A FORMALITY.

"Mac" Thinks the Election of a Democratic Commissioner is Ce tain.

"I believe we have a cinch on county commissioner," said Mayor McCadden, of Canal Fulton, the big man of the Lawrence township Democracy, who was in town the other day. "That's about the only thing we're sure of. And we've got the candidate up our way. Braucher's the man, and he ought to have a clear field."

HE LEFT A FORTUNE

Did This Man Richeimer, of Saxonburg.

PART OF IT BELONGS HERE

A. J. and Albert Richeimer Among the Heirs—They Have Set Forth Their Claims, and Have Engaged an Attorney to See the Matter Through for Them.

A. J. Richeimer and Albert Richeimer, of this city, have good reason to believe that they are entitled to a portion of an estate worth \$1,500,000 at Saxonburg, Germany. A notice appeared in a Cincinnati paper some time ago asking for information regarding persons of the name of Richeimer, stating that the leaver of this fortune had died intestate and without an heir in the direct line of descent. In America, however, it said, it was known many relatives lived, and all are equally entitled to share in the fortune.

The Richeimers have placed the matter in the hands of Attorney Young, who is making an investigation for them. Mr. Richeimer says he shall not be surprised if the matter comes to nothing, but that it is his intention to get to the bottom of it if possible.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Workhouse Buildings on Land Not Owned by County.

CANTON, June 15.—At the joint meeting of the county commissioners and workhouse directors, held on Friday, the contract with the Standard Brush Company for the employment of prisoners was discussed, but no action was taken, owing to the absence of Prosecutor Day. The company has a contract for the employment of the convict labor for three years with the privilege of an extension of two years. It is claimed that under its terms the workhouse receives little or no financial benefit. It is said that under the provisions of the contract the directors are obliged to furnish the power to run the plant and look after repairs and it is asserted that this expense is equal to the earnings from the shop.

The question of moving the ice house and hog pen of the workhouse was also talked over. It appears that these buildings have been erected on land that belongs to other parties, and they must either be moved or the commissioners will have to buy four acres of land at \$2,000. The question arises, that if the parties who own the land wanted to hold the buildings, they being permanent improvements, whether they could not do so.

John McGlady, who was sent to the workhouse on a sentence of 30 days for keeping a red bird in captivity, was ordered released. McGlady was sent up by Justice Sibila, of Massillon, who recommended that he be released.

Robert Carnahan, a lineman employed by the Central Union Telephone Company, fell a distance of thirty feet from a pole, on Friday, sustaining serious injuries. He will recover.

The work of laying the rails for the double track to Meyers lake has been completed, and the steel curves for the junction and terminals will be placed in position next week. The work of grading at the terminal station at the lake is in progress. A heavy cut is to be made in the bank in front of the station so as to make room for the loop which is to commence at the entrance to the ball grounds and pass in front of the station in the form of an eclipse.

Charles Cernik, the night watchman at the Dueber works, who fell down an elevator shaft Thursday night, died at his home in Kimball street this morning.

The Canton-Akron Railway Company has purchased ten acres of land, near the Graham bridge, from Mrs. Elizabeth Festerly, the consideration being \$3,800, on which to erect a power house. All the machinery, including a complete electric light plant, has been ordered, and will be delivered as soon as the building is completed.

"A few months ago, food which I ate for breakfast would not remain on my stomach for half an hour. I used one bottle of your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and can now eat my breakfast and other meals with a relish and my food is thoroughly digested. Nothing equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for stomach troubles." H. S. Pitts, Arlington, Tex. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long, may result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys well. Take nothing else. Rider & Snyder.

DELEGATES NAMED.

A. W. Agler is Chosen as Chairman.

HARMONIOUS MEETING.

Good Men Chosen to Represent Stark County at the State Convention—But Two Candidates for Chairmanship of the County Central Committee.

CANTON, June 15.—The Republican county committee met this morning for the purpose of organizing and electing a chairman. The meeting was called to order by Chairman U. S. Johnson. He spoke briefly thanking the members of the committee for the assistance which they had rendered during the two years that he had been at the head of the county organization. At the close of the address he announced his wish to retire. There were two candidates before the committee for the position of chairman. They were J. A. Walker and A. W. Agler. The latter was elected by a vote of 35 to 10. He will select his own secretary.

After the adjournment of the county committee, the county convention was called to order by U. S. Johnson. Judge J. P. Fawcett was selected as chairman and Charles O. Silver, of Alliance, as secretary. Judge Fawcett made a speech congratulating the members of the party on the work of the past year. The mention of the names of McKinley and Foraker were signals for loud applause. At the close of Judge Fawcett's speech, the apportionment of state delegates was read and those representing the precincts were empowered to select the delegates and alternates. The following were reported and elected:

Nimishillen—N. B. Kagey, delegate; Kimmel, alternate.

Washington and Paris—J. W. Martin, delegate; Johnson Hawkins, alternate.

Canton, first ward—J. W. Caselman and W. J. Oby, delegates; Geo. Holmes and M. E. Aungst, alternates.

Second ward—J. Whiting, delegate; W. J. Poyser, alternate.

Third ward—M. A. Fisher, delegate; H. T. Holman, alternate.

Fourth ward—N. S. Johnson, delegate; J. Krause, alternate.

Fifth ward—W. Lichtenwalter, delegate; W. H. Little, alternate.

Sixth ward—J. W. Stimmel, delegate; T. R. Ballard, alternate.

Seventh ward—J. J. Grant and H. Detmering, delegates; J. A. Robertson and J. B. Doweese, alternates.

Massillon and Perry township—W. E. Rick's, S. A. Conrad, George Leeper and I. H. Smith, delegates; L. A. Koons, Samuel Rollins, W. B. Martin and F. O. Humberger, alternates.

Alliance and Lexington township—W. W. King, W. H. Morgan and Chas. O. Silver, delegates; C. C. Baker, F. J. Miller, F. A. Holles, alternates.

Canton township—L. C. Wise, delegate; W. B. Shanafelt, alternate.

Bethlehem and Sugarcreek townships—Geo. W. Wilhelm, delegate; Joseph Thomas, alternate.

Osasburg—W. B. Davis, delegate; Frank Wilson, alternate.

Sandy and Pike townships—Perry Rainey, delegate; H. C. Elson, alternate.

Lawrence—William Findley, delegate; David Williams, alternate.

Jackson and Plain—W. A. Leonard, delegate; H. H. Westler, alternate.

Lake and Marlboro—S. S. Newhouse, delegate; S. S. Smith, alternate.

The committee on resolutions made a report, which was unanimously adopted. They endorsed the McKinley administration, the wise and able administration of George K. Nash; also the work of Senators Hanna and Foraker. They endorsed the senatorial, representative and county candidates, and recommended all to the support of the party. No other business appearing, the convention adjourned sine die.

FORECLOSED A MORTGAGE.

And a Suit to Recover Property Seized Results.

Edward Klick, of Richville, Thursday foreclosed a mortgage for \$1,847.50 against Clement Gallatin, a neighbor, taking possession of a saw mill, portable engine, two horses, a wagon, harness and other things. Friday, Gallatin's wife began a replevin action in Justice Sibila's court against Klick. She seeks to recover a portion of the property taken by Klick, claiming it to be her own. Constable Graham served the papers Friday afternoon, and the court has set the case for June 20.

THE DELEGATES RETURN.

Sunday School Convention at Cairo Adjourns.

The delegates to the annual Sunday school convention of the Tuscarawas classis of the Reformed church, held at Cairo, this county, have returned. From Massillon there were Miss Lulu Territt, Miss Anna Howard and the Rev. O. P. Foust. From the charge in Tuscarawas township there were Mrs. Marion McFarren, Miss Bertha Erb, Miss Poorman, the Misses Ollie and Susie Walters, the Rev. W. S. Adams, Ray Oberlin and Warren Erb. The next convention will be held a year hence at Barborton.

Cycling has its ups and downs. After the downs, use Banner Salve if you're cut or bruised. It heals the hurt quickly. Rider & Snyder.

A CENTRAL LABOR BODY.

Massillon to Assist in Its Instituting Tuesday Evening.

Many Massillon unionists will go to Canton Tuesday evening to be present at the instituting of a central labor body. They will leave on the 7:10 o'clock car. President Peter Smith, of the Trades and Labor Assembly, and others will make addresses. The new Canton organization begins with fifteen trades affiliated.

THE SCORE EVEN.

Hospital and Picked Team Play Ball.

BOTH SIDES WORK HARD.

The Umpire as Usual Has Difficulties—Errors Were Numerous—Dr. Eymann Returns From an Important Meeting at Milwaukee—Other Hospital Notes of Interest.

The ball game at the state hospital grounds Friday afternoon between the hospital team and the picked team from this city was a fast and furious one. The teams were well matched and there was everything that can enter into a game of ball from good playing to kicking on the umpire. It is a well-known fact that the hospital possesses a very fast amateur team. On the picked team were a number of the best players in the city. Seven innings were played and the score was tied, each team having thirteen runs.

The game was started with Massillon at the bat. "Pop" Markie was in fine feather and was right after the batters. The boys got three runs across the plate in the half. The hospital team did the same and the game was even. In the second inning the city team had three more runs and the hospital team got a goose egg. At the end of the fifth inning the hospital team had nine runs and the Massillon team eight. The game was going at a good rate and errors were as plenty as mosquitoes on a hot evening. Bayliss kicked so hard that he cast a shoe and the game had to be stopped until a blacksmith could be called. In the fifth inning the hospital team scored and in the sixth the Massillon boys chased one runner across the plate. When the seventh inning was started it was announced that it would be the last. All the belts were tightened and the players on both sides went in to win. Massillon was at the bat.

Higley hit the ball for two bases. Willenborg had good intentions, but he could not hit the ball hard enough and he died at first. Johnson hit the ball and Wo Tin Lu Cas got a base on balls. Kohl got to first while Vaughan fumbled the ball, and when the last man was out four runs had been scored. It was claimed that Don Stroupe stood in the middle garden to fill the place and nothing more, but he gathered in the long fly that Bayliss hit out and ended the inning.

The Hospital came up for their half with three runs to make to tie the score. Goodrich was right after them. Shoemaker, who usually loses the balls when he goes to the bat, was considerate and did not want to break up the game, so he struck out. Findlay hit a nice single. Dyson was a good waiter and got a base on balls.

Markel who realized that it was supper time and that he was needed in the dining room, did not lose any time but hit the ball hard and took two bases. John Kirk was the second man down. Renchler got to first while Willenborg was fumbling the ball. Some of his friends said he thought he was playing football and considered it necessary to fall on the ball before he picked it up. Stroupe walked but was caught at second. In the meantime three men crossed the plate and the score was a tie. The final score was Massillon 13, Hospital 13. Hits—Massillon 12, Hospital 10, Stolen bases—Just a few. Errors—A great plenty. Time of game—Until sundown. Attendance—The entire population. Umpire—Name will not be divulged on account of fear of violence.

OTHER HOSPITAL NEWS.

Dr. H. C. Eymann returned yesterday morning from Milwaukee, where he attended the meeting of the American Medical Psychological Association. Dr. Eymann read a paper on Abnormal Brain Development. He reports a very large attendance and a very interesting meeting.

The linemen of the United States Telephone Company are at work putting in the tile for the placing of the wires of the company underground on the hospital farm. The wires will be run on the poles to a point near the end of the street car line where they will be put underground.

Everything is in readiness for the commencement exercises to be held in the chapel on Tuesday evening next. Dr. Picard will deliver his lecture on "The House that Jack Built."

Miss Ethel Eymann will arrive home this evening, after a year's study in a Washington school. Since the close of the school year Miss Eymann has visited the Pan-American Exposition and other points of interest in the East.

THE NEWS BY WIRE

Rapid Disintegration of Filipino Army.

CAPTURES ALMOST DAILY.

All Hope of Settling Chinese Question by Arbitration Abandoned—Woman Found Guilty of Murdering Her Husband—Louisville Murderer Has Been Located.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—Statistics prepared by the war department fully show the extent of the disintegration of the Philippine insurrection. The reports cover a period up to April 17, 1901. Up to January 1, 1901, the total number of insurgents captured or surrendered was 21,497, together with 5,048 rifles, 56 field pieces, something over 3,000 shells and balls, 573,890 rounds of ammunition and 19 tons of powder. From January 1 to April 17 the number of captures include 247 officers, 2,459 men; the number surrendered was 820 officers, 6,492 men, making a total of 1,067 officers, 8,951 men, or a grand total up to that date of 31,415 insurgents captured. 4,800 surrendered, a total of 6,298; 45,000 rounds of ammunition, 408 bolos and 24 pieces of cannon. The compilation shows surrenders and captures on nearly every day from January 2 to the close of the report. The surrender of Lieutenant General Trias in southern Luzon was of more importance than almost any other save that of Aguinaldo, his surrender practically ending the insurrection in the section over which he had command. General Trias has been made governor of Cavite province.

NEW PROPOSITIONS.

No Hope of Settling Matters by Arbitration.

PARIS, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—Dispatches from the French minister at Peking say the foreign ministers are considering fresh propositions from Mr. Rockhill affecting the Chinese concessions looking to the payment of the indemnity. The propositions concern minor matters and may or may not be accepted, but, until they are disposed of, the ministers will not pronounce a decision as to the manner in which China is to pay the powers, though it is virtually settled that the British proposal will be accepted. All hope of the acceptance of the United States' suggestion to submit the matter to arbitration at The Hague seems to have disappeared.

PRINCESS CHRISTENED.

Many Injured in Crush at the Palace.

ROME, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—The Princess Yolande, born June 1, was christened at the Quirinal today with great ceremonies, in the presence of the royal family, state and church dignitaries. In the crush in front of the palace many were injured.

EDWARDS LOCATED.

His Arrest Will be Followed by a Lynching.

SHREVEPORT, La., June 15.—[By Associated Press]—All is quiet around the jail at Benton, where the prophet, Smith, and party are held, but there is great excitement near Greenwood, where the negro Edwards is surrounded in a thick et by a large posse and hounds.

HEAVY SNOW FALL.

Damage from Floods is Feared in Colorado.

DENVER, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—Dispatches from Leadville, Cripple Creek and other places in the mountains, say that over a foot of snow fell last night. Dangerous floods are expected.

INHALED GAS.

NEW YORK, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—Dudley R. Walker, son of the late Read Admiral Walker, suicided last night by inhaling gas, on account of business reverses.

SUDDEN DEATH.

MARION, Ind., June 15.—[By Associated Press]—Prof. R. E. Hudson, of Cleveland, died while attending a meeting of the trustees of Taylor university at Upland.

FINAL TRIAL TRIP.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—The battleship Wisconsin passed out today for final trial trip.

The bilious, tired, nervous man cannot successfully compete with his healthy rival. DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation, will remove the cause of your troubles. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

SECOND DEGREE MURDER.

Woman Gets Ten Years for Killing her Husband.

KANSAS CITY, June 15.—[By Associated Press]—The jury in the Kennedy murder case this morning rendered a verdict of guilty in the second degree against Mrs. Kennedy.

The court fixed Mrs. Kennedy's punishment at ten years in the penitentiary. Mrs. Kennedy, who was accompanied to court by her father and sister, Mrs. Leon, on hearing the verdict, sank into a chair, covered her eyes with arms and cried aloud. The jury took six ballots; the first stood ten to two for conviction and remained that way until the last ballot. The defense gave notice of appeal. Mrs. Kennedy killed her husband last February. Her father and brother will be tried as accomplices.

LOCKJAW SET IN.

And Caused the Death of Mrs. C. M. Piper.

RESULTED FROM BURNS.

Was Recovering From Injuries Sustained by an Explosion of Gasoline Memorial Day. When the Fatal Tetanus Manifested Itself—Funeral Arrangements Not Yet Made.

Mrs. Chantry M. Piper died at 8:30 o'clock Saturday morning, of lockjaw, resulting from burns sustained on Memorial Day by an explosion of gasoline. The reservoir of a stove about which Mrs. Piper was working, at her home at 5 West Cherry street, sprung a leak without her knowledge. She could not escape the sheet of fire that was cast upon her. The surgeons thought at that time that her recovery was certain, but hopes were shattered with the coming of lockjaw.

Mrs. Piper was 28 years old, and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Fogel. She leaves a husband and two children. She was born in Mansfield, but had lived in Massillon the greater part of her life. Funeral arrangements will not be made until the out of town relatives who have been notified have been heard from.

JACOB FREED.

WILMOT, June 15.—Jacob Freed, aged 73 years, died Thursday evening. He leaves a wife and three children. Funeral services will be held Monday at 10 o'clock at the residence.

MRS. MICHAEL KEGLER.

Mrs. Michael Kegler, a sister of Matthias Erdle, of this city, is dead at her home in Findlay. Funeral services were held Thursday.

RAILROAD NOTES.

No Doubts Regarding W. & L. E's Entrance to Pittsburg.

All the stories to the effect that the W. & L. E. railroad had been shut out of Pittsburg by the Pennsylvania securing control of the various short and belt lines into the city, will be set at rest within the next few days by the letting of the contracts for the building of tunnels and bridges for the line from Jewett into the city. The contracts will be let in Pittsburg. Two tunnels will be built and one big bridge. The latter, it is said, will cost \$900,000. The cost of building the forty miles of railroad into the city will be about \$6,000,000. This will be at the rate of \$150,000 per mile. There can be no doubt, in the light of these facts, that the line will go into the Smoky City.

Dyspeptics can not be long lived because to live requires nourishment. Food is not nourishing until it is digested. A disordered stomach cannot digest food, it must have assistance. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests all kinds of food without aid from the stomach, allowing it to rest and regain its natural functions. Its elements are exactly the same as the natural digestive fluids and it simply can't help but do you good. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Ecodol Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

"The doctors told me my cough was incurable. One Minute Cough Cure made me a well man." Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H. Because you're not found relief from a stubborn cough, don't despair. One Minute Cough Cure has cured thousands and it will cure you. Safe and sure. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Everyone is afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

Danger, disease and death follow neglect of the bowels. Use DeWitt's Little Early Risers to regulate them, and you will add years to your life and life to your years. Easy to take, never gripe. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Quick Relief for Asthma.

Miss Maude Dickens, Parsons, Kans., writes: "I suffered eight years with asthma in its worst form. I had several attacks during the last year and was not expected to live through them. I began using Foley's Honey and Tar and it has never failed to give immediate relief." Rider & Snyder.

THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,

214 E. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868.

DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.

SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1886.

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All those who are familiar with the circumstances connected with the adoption of the Platt amendment by the Cuban constitutional convention, unite in giving credit to Secretary Root for the happy outcome of a situation which at one time threatened to become very embarrassing. The communication addressed by the secretary of war to General Wood, explaining why the United States government would not accept the original action of the convention with reference to the amendment, evidently brought the convention to a realization of the firm purpose of the administration to have the relations between the two countries clearly understood before the Cuban republic became a fact.

The advance proof of Henry Clew's weekly financial review says: "The President has given us one more proof of his wisdom and solicitude for the welfare of his countrymen, who will long remember his judicious conduct of our nation's interests. During his administration this country has been placed for the first time in the proud position of being one of the recognized great powers of the world and taken the lead in prosperity and wealth over all other nations. Mr. McKinley has sustained the time-honored precedent of no third term. If we are to have no third term president, we want no third term nominations. The modesty of Mr. McKinley is certainly worthy of emulation by Mr. Bryan, especially as the former has made a successful record while the latter has not."

Writing of the late purchase by J. P. Morgan of the Leyland line steamers the Iron and Coal Trades Review, of London, says: "We do not see that British ship owners, who in such a case get a good price for their holdings, nor British shipbuilders, who built the ships and are likely, if they leave the country or are otherwise diverted, to get orders for more, have much to complain of in this business. If these ships had not been bought here on American account, others would probably have been built in the United States by American workmen with American steel, and this country would have been a loser of both, where she is now a gainer. American shipping development on the ocean is bound to come, and the more it comes in this way the better we shall be pleased." Under a sensible policy of marine protection and encouragement American money would not be buying old style English castoffs; it would be invested in new and up-to-date vessels built in American shipyards.

A surgical operation is not necessary to cure piles, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve saves all that expense and never fails. Beware of counterfeits. Chas. W. Cripples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Men may differ on politics, religion or finance, but all who have tried Banner Salve are agreed as to its worth for cuts, burns, sores, piles and skin diseases. It's the most healing medicine in the world. Rider & Snyder.

Every family should have its house hold medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

For two years Ira W. Kelley of Mansfield, Pa., was in poor health on account of kidney trouble. He consulted several physicians and spent considerable money for medicines without obtaining relief until he tried Foley's Kidney Cure, and now writes: "I desire to add my testimony that it may be the cause of aiding others." Rider & Snyder.

Fatal mistakes are made by those who do not heed the earliest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble that often end in Bright's disease or diabetes. When Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys well, how foolish it is to delay. Rider & Snyder.

Just received, a car load of fancy mortised screen doors, \$50 to \$135, at C. W. Schwoim's, 56 W. Main street.

BLOOD POISON

If you ever contracted any blood disease you are never safe unless the virus or poison has been eradicated from the system. At times you see alarming symptoms, but live in hope no serious results will follow. Have you any of the following symptoms? Sore Throat, Ulcers on the Tongue or in the Mouth, Hair Falling Out, Aching Pains, Itchiness of the Skin, Sores or Blisters on the Body, Eyes Red and Smart, Dyspeptic Stomach, Sexual Weakness—indications of the second stage. Don't trust to luck. Don't run your system with the old fogey treatment—mercury and potash—which only suppresses the symptoms for a time, only to break out again, when happy in domestic life. Don't let quacks experiment on you. Our New Method Treatment is guaranteed to cure you. Our guarantees are backed by bank bonds, that the disease will never return. Thousands of patients have been already cured by our New Method Treatment for over twenty years. No experiment, no risk—not a "patch-up," but a positive cure. The worst cases solicited. We treat and cure Gleet, Blood Poison, Stricture, Varicose, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, and all diseases peculiar to men and women.

CURES GUARANTEED.
Consultation Free. Books Free. If unable to call, write for question blank for home treatment.
DRS.
KENNEDY & KERGAN
247 Superior Street,
CLEVELAND, - - OHIO.

THE WESTERN MIGRATION

Railroad officials estimate that this year will see 200,000 new settlers in the northwest. The number of this year's settlers in the parts of the west too far south to be known as the northwest is still unestimated, but it amounts to a good many thousands. One immigration agent claims to have provided transportation for 75,000 immigrants between Feb. 12 and April 1 of this year. It is confidently predicted that the movement of people to the



TYPICAL PRAIRIE FARMHOUSE.

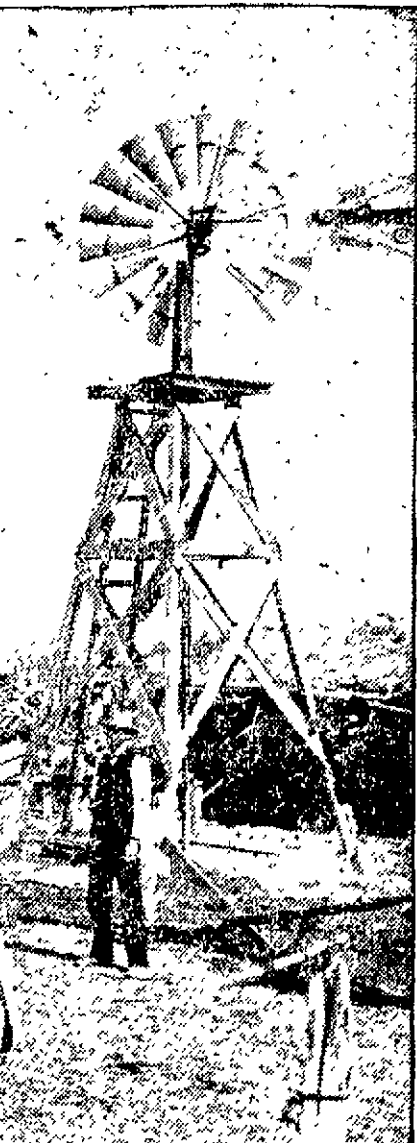
states of the west and northwest this year will be 60 per cent greater than last year.

Never before in the history of the country has there been so great an influx of settlers into the states of the west and northwest. Great numbers of them hail from the eastern section of the country, and still other large masses give as their former homes the middle west. Comparatively few of the newcomers are immigrants in the usual sense of that word—that is, folk from the other side of the Atlantic.

The people who are now taxing the transportation facilities of the railroads are for the most part Americans having two or three generations at least of Yankee ancestry. They are leaving their ancestral homes in the east and middle west, hoping to better themselves in the lands nearer the setting sun. That the most of them will succeed is probable, for they possess the sterling American characteristics of pluck, determination and cheerfulness.

It is an impressive sight to see the families moving to their new homes in the west, bearing with them their household goods, their farming implements and their live stock. Each head of a household seems to possess a sum of ready money, small in most cases, but sufficient to tide him and his over the period of waiting for the new farm to become remunerative.

The new style of immigrant is not a shiftless ne'er do well, who leaves his community for the good of the latter. He is a practical farmer, who realizes that the older states are becoming too crowded for his family. He wishes his



THE INEVITABLE WINDMILL.

sons and daughters to have a fair start in the great and promising west. His migration bears within itself a splendid augury for the future of the United States. Not alone are the men of family in the unprecedented rush to the west. Young, strong and ambitious men are interspersed in plentiful numbers among the older ones. These are going west "to grow up with the country." In the usual course of procedure the

young man takes up a claim. Then he hires out to a farmer at day's wages and makes an agreement concerning the tilling of his own plot with a neighbor. The latter works it on shares. In a few years, by industry and hard work, the young man finds that he is able to work his farm himself, and from then on to prosperity the path is cleared.

Land for tilling purposes may be obtained from the government or from the railroads. Both are anxious to have the great tracts of country occupied by industrious farmers, and both will sell land on the most reasonable terms and at a low price. Go into any railroad office of the west and tell the officials that you are looking for a plot to settle on, and you will be received with open arms. They have no use, however, for the mere "boomer" or speculator in lots. He has already wrought too much mischief, and they refuse to sell land to him on any terms. But for the bona fide farmer they have a very high regard.

The land laws provide that a citizen or one who has declared his intention to become such who is not the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any state or territory can homestead 160 acres by filing his application and affidavit at the local land office and within six months thereafter commencing settlement and improvement, continuing the same for five years. The only first cost is the United States land office fees, which are from \$18 to \$22 for 160 acres. There are special provisions for honorably discharged soldiers or sailors. Unmarried women may take up land on the same terms as men if they are of age.

The price per acre of the government land is either \$1.25 or \$2.50, according to location. Settlers have five years to pay this, or they may, if they wish, secure actual title after 14 months instead of waiting. In either case the land must be paid for in cash, and the law requires proof of settlement, residence and cultivation. The terms are such as may be fulfilled by any energetic, hardworking man with any kind of good fortune. All the sons and daughters of a family who are of age may take up land under



A COLORADO STOCK RANCH.

the United States land laws. The railroads make almost as good terms as the government in disposing of the land owned by them.

It may be said that the timber business and mining are attracting many people. The majority of the classes mentioned, however, will go into timber only in clearing their farms. They are farmers first, last and all the time and intend to stick to the growing of cereals, fruit and other crops and the raising of cattle. Besides good, arable land, there is much that needs only the quickening touch of water to make it bloom like the rose. This will be supplied by irrigation. Land that needs irrigation can be bought more cheaply and to any one of a more speculative turn of mind offers perhaps a better field of investment.

"Go west, young man," remains as good advice for the right sort of young man as when Horace Greeley first gave it. Not only to the young man, but to the older one as well, farming in the west, with its immense possibilities, holds out the best sort of inducements. To the man or woman not afraid of hard work and with a small capital of ready cash to start on it offers a golden opportunity.

Fleas Are Great Fighters.

Fleas, taken as a whole, are very quarrelsome and are great fighters. When several are confined in a glass together, they fight incessantly, doing most of their battling by standing on their hind legs and striking their opponents with the others. In a big battle a half dozen of them may be seen rolling over and over each other, losing legs and antennae and at last giving up their lives in the struggle. There is a record of a flea which lived ten days after such an encounter with no antennae, three plates of his side broken in, one eye gone and with only four legs, and these cut off at the first joints.

Shakespeare and Marie Corelli.

Miss Marie Corelli is the literary lion of Stratford-on-Avon. She lives in a large and extremely pretty house, and it would be difficult to imagine a more desirable environment for literary work. Miss Corelli is very popular in Stratford, and there is little doubt that the great majority of its people are far better acquainted with "The Mighty Atom" than with "Hamlet."—London Mail.

A VOICE FROM THE TOMB.

More of Marie Bashkirtseff's Interesting Confessions Printed.

Once more Marie Bashkirtseff and her "confessions" are leading topics of interest in the literary world. The last of the "confessions" have just been issued in book form, and they are attracting almost if not quite as much attention as those which preceded them several years ago.

Readers familiar with the literary ideas of 12 or 15 years ago scarcely



Photo by Walery, Paris.

MARIE BASHKIRTSEFF.

need be told who Marie Bashkirtseff was. To younger readers the name of the brilliant, erratic young Russian artist, scholar and authoress is not, however, very well known. Although she left no permanent impress on the world of art or letters, her diary, which reveals with fidelity the workings of her heart and mind, will always possess an interest for the student of human nature.

Marie Bashkirtseff was born in Russia in 1860 and died in Paris on Oct. 31, 1884. She was well born and well educated, possessing a knowledge of Greek and Latin as well as of the more important modern tongues. She was a talented painter and in 1878 went to Paris to study. In 1880 she exhibited a picture at the Salon, and from then until her untimely death she worked eagerly at her art. One of her pictures was purchased by the French government.

During her brief career in Paris Marie Bashkirtseff mingled with the brilliant life of that period and numbered among her acquaintances many famous people. She frequently wrote anonymous letters to famous literary men, and the charm and brilliance of the epistles induced those to whom she wrote to sustain the correspondence. The letters which passed between her and Guy de Maupassant, the brilliant romancer, form the most interesting phase of the last "confessions."

Marie Bashkirtseff was a genius in many ways, a painter, a musician, a writer and, above all, a woman of the most intense emotion. It may well be held, as it is by some, that the world lost much by her premature death.

HEAD OF RAILWAY MEN.

Career of the New President of the American Railway Association.

At the recent meeting of the American Railway association held in New York Albert W. Sullivan was honored with an election to the presidency. Mr. Sullivan's election is somewhat remarkable, as it was gained against the determined opposition of several candidates prominent in the railroad world. Mr. Sullivan succeeds Mr. L. F. Loree, recently elected president of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

The membership of the American Railway association is made up large-



Photo by Varney, Chicago.

ALBERT W. SULLIVAN.

ly of general managers and officers in charge of the operating departments of railroads. The association, which is very influential, devotes itself to the technical side of railroad work.

The new president of the American Railway association began his railroad career 30 years ago as an apprentice in the shops of the Illinois Central at Chicago. Later he became a draftsman, chief clerk of the machinery department and assistant superintendent of machinery. At 35 he was placed in charge of the operative work of the entire system and held the position of general superintendent for 20 years. Last year he was made assistant second vice president of the road.

CORBIN'S LONG TOUR.

ADJUTANT GENERAL SOON TO INSPECT THE PHILIPPINES.

The War Department Needs Exact Knowledge of the State of Military Affairs—A Congressional Party Also to Make the Trip.

On July 1, 1901, military rule in the Philippine Islands will cease, and the archipelago will come under nominal civil government. Judge Taft will then become the first American governor of the Philippines, and at the same time General Chaffee will supersede General MacArthur as commandant of the troops stationed in the islands.

Although military rule will no longer hold sway in the Philippines, much work remains that can only be done by the soldiers. A large force is to be maintained on garrison duty, and of necessity the work of policing the islands will fall on them.

In order to see for himself and to report to Secretary Root and the president the exact condition of military affairs in the Philippines Major General Henry C. Corbin, adjutant general of the United States army, is to make a tour of inspection there. General Corbin has completed all his arrangements and will leave San Francisco on the transport Hancock on June 25. He expects to spend about six weeks, including the entire month of August, in visiting the principal points of the archipelago. His movements will be so arranged as to permit of his return to Washington early in October. He will thus have time to complete his annual report before the meeting of congress, and the report will embody the very latest available information about the military condition of the Philippines.

General Corbin's trip is somewhat in the nature of a vacation. He has had no real rest since before the Spanish war. Although the tour of inspection will undoubtedly be beneficial to his health, it is intended to be a purely business undertaking. Among other things, it is necessary to determine the number of men and the amount of



ADJUTANT GENERAL HENRY C. CORBIN.

arms, ammunition, subsistence and commissary stores needed for the army in the Philippines. The erection of hospitals, barracks and other essential buildings is also to be provided for. Wherever possible permanent buildings are to be erected to take the place of tents.

It is understood that the adjutant general is clothed with sufficient authority to take final action in many of these matters. He will simply confer with General Chaffee and will not consult the Washington authorities unless it seems absolutely unavoidable.

Although it is not the intention of the adjutant general to make a minute inspection of all the departments and military posts of the Philippine Islands, he intends to visit every department there. This will take him to all the important points. He wishes to gain a knowledge of the condition of the departments more minute and better than can be gained from reports, however faithful and accurate. Personal observation to supplement the reports will be of the greatest possible value to him in his work and through him to the department. It was the original intention of Secretary Root to accompany General Corbin, but he has abandoned the plan.

When General Corbin returns, he will celebrate his marriage. While he will be in the Philippines on government business his bride to be, now Miss Edythe Patten, will be in Paris buying her trousseau.

About the same time General Corbin sails through the Golden Gate bound for Manila a congressional party composed of several prominent senators and representatives will sail from New York, bound eastward, to the same destination. They will also make somewhat of a tour of inspection of the Philippines, although in a sense unofficially. They have been invited by Secretary Root to make the trip, and the war department will furnish passage on a transport and facilities for visiting the principal islands and cities of the archipelago. The wandering solons will, however, pay for their own subsistence.

The congressional trip will be made on the transport Ingalls, which will leave New York the latter part of June for Manila by way of the Mediterranean sea and the Suez canal. The return will probably be by another or the same transport across the Pacific to San Francisco, so the congressmen will have circumnavigated the globe. This will be the first congressional excursion of the kind ever undertaken.

FERRYBOATS COLLIDE

In East River And Heavy Loss
Of Life, It Is Feared
Occurred.

MANY PASSENGERS RESCUED.

U. S. Transport Ingalls Turned
Tide, as Did Floating Rock, After-
ward—One Man Killed—Number
May Have Perished.

New York, June 15.—The wooden side wheeler Northfield, which has been in the service of the Staten Island Ferry company for about the past 38 years, was rammed by the steel-hulled propeller Mauch Chunk, used as a ferry boat by the Central Railroad of New Jersey, off the Staten Island ferry slip at the foot of Whitehall street, and in less than 10 minutes the Northfield sank to the bottom of the Spanish pier in the East river. The Mauch Chunk, which was badly damaged, landed about the two dozen passengers who were aboard of her. Over a hundred of the passengers of the sunken Northfield were dragged out of the water by people along shore and the crews of the fleet of the river tugs, which promptly responded to the ferry boats call for help. A few of the Northfield's passengers were hurt in the accident and the police believe that some lives were lost. Captain Daniel Gully, of the tug boat Mutual, who saw the ferry boats crash together, said that immediately after the collision between 25 and 30 of the passengers leaped into the water and that many of those perished. Captain Gully also declared that he is sure over a hundred of the Northfield's passengers were drowned. The captains of other tugboats who were early on the scene, however, are inclined to think that the disaster was not so serious as regards loss of life. No dead bodies have been recovered.

U. S. Transport Turned Over.
New York, June 15.—While the United States transport Ingalls was in the balance drydock at the Erie basin, South Brooklyn, she suddenly slipped from the blocks and capsized. One man is known to have been killed and many injured. It is supposed that the vessel was thrown from an even keel by ballast improperly placed, or by the shifting of the blocks on which she rested, causing her to list to starboard, driving the shoring beams through the rotten walls of the old dock. Besides the mechanics and other workmen on the vessel and dock there was supposed to have been about 30 Italian laborers in the hold of the ship. While the workmen were trying to escape, the dock itself turned on its side and sank in about 50 feet of water. A number of the men were borne down into the water and jammed under and beneath the wreckage, which rose to the surface. How many were caught could not be learned last night. Martin Anderson, a painter, was caught under the descending side of the ship and killed outright. Others were dragged out of the water badly injured or half drowned and hurried to the hospitals.

As to the horrors was the uncertainty of the fate of the men in the vessel's hold. Some managed to get to the deck and leap into the water as the vessel was sinking, but it is feared that the majority were less fortunate.

WILL NOT FLOOD MINE.

Efforts to Rescue Bodies of Port
Royal, Pa., Disaster Victims
to Be Made Today.

Pittsburg, June 15.—Since the Port Royal mine disaster the officials of the Pittsburg Coal company, with headquarters in Pittsburg, have been in daily communication with those in charge of the mine, where the explosion occurred. It has been stated that the mine is to be flooded before another attempt is made to rescue the bodies of the men who lost their lives. When seen at the company's office, directly after a conference in regard to the disaster, and in answer to a question as to whether the mine would be flooded today, as reported, President Frank M. Osborne, of the coal company, said yesterday: "We will make every effort to rescue the bodies of the men who lost their lives in the mine. We will not flood the mine unless it becomes an absolute necessity. It is a valuable property, and to flood it would mean the suspension of operations for some time. The authorities at the mine inform me today that another attempt to secure the bodies will likely be made tomorrow. Just as soon as these bodies are gotten out the part of the mine thought to be burning will be bratticed and the flames smothered this way."

RURAL ROUTS IN OHIO.

New Postal Service to Be Established
In Country Places.

Washington, June 15.—Additional rural free delivery service will be established July 1 in Ohio as follows: Norwalk, Huron county, one carrier, J. W. Reeder; Springfield, Clark county, two carriers, E. T. Cummins and W. G. Bird. Postoffices at Eagle City and Blaineville are to be discontinued, and the postoffice at Wiseman is to be supplied by a rural carrier.

Drs. J. H. Miller and C. W. Spragg have been appointed pension examining surgeons at Waynesburg, Pa.

Frozen In.

The making of postholes is an easy matter in Alaska. A mass of powder blasts out the hole in an instant, a telegraph pole is inserted, water is poured in, and the intense cold holds the pole secure in an incrustation of ice.

AGRICULTURE OF GREATER CONFIDENCE.

Agricultural Bureau Confirmation of
Private Wheat Estimates
Helped Business.

New York, June 15.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Confirmation by the agricultural bureau of recent private estimates of the wheat crop has given to business a tone of greater confidence. Retail operations, both east and west, are larger, and distribution of merchandise by the wholesale trade is increasing. The labor situation is gradually mending, with the appreciation of the fact, that in some directions manufacturers would be glad of a temporary shut down of works.

Pig iron production on June 1 was at the rate of 314,505 tons weekly, according to statistics compiled by The Iron Age. This is about the anticipated increase for May, and establishes a new high water mark, exceeding the previous record of 13,380 tons. An interesting feature of the situation is the decrease of furnaces in blast to 252, which is 44 less than were actively employed Feb. 1, 1900, when the weekly output was 298,014 tons. Although new orders for pig iron have been light in recent weeks, actual deliveries on old contracts must have reached a heavy total, for furnace stocks, June 1, were but 407,723 tons, a decrease of 30,565 tons during May. Conditions in this industry must be satisfactory if material is taken faster than it can be produced, notwithstanding a new record of output each month. Prices are easier. Bessemer pig showing a loss of about \$9 a ton, compared with the quotation in February last year, when the production was near present figures. This absence of inflation in prices is the best symptom in the market, and precludes the possibility of a collapse like last year's. In finished products there is great activity, owing to the large amount of goods to be delivered July 1. There is noted especial urgency for immediate shipment by consumers of plates, bars and structural shapes, the activity in building operations showing no diminution.

Wheat declined to a more reasonable level with withdrawal of speculative support. The government report of the condition of June 1 was chiefly responsible. A crop this year equal to the greatest ever harvested was indicated by the official statement, and as department figures have generally proven below the final yield, there was heavy selling of options, with a fall below 80 cents for cash wheat at this city. Foreign buying promptly decreased, with the prospect of more satisfactory terms. Notwithstanding somewhat lower quotations for corn, the provision market has developed much strength, and pork products at the west are receiving the attention of speculators to an unusual extent, mess pork rising to \$15.75 here.

Failures for the week numbered 179 in the United States, against 162 last year, and 23 in Canada, against 21 last year.

UNION PACIFIC AND ST. PAUL.

Overwhelming Proportion of Dealings
Friday in These Stocks

New York, June 15.—An overwhelming proportion of the day's dealings Friday was in Union Pacific and St. Paul, and the scrutiny of the day's transactions will reveal that the strength in the market was largely confined to the same stocks. Influence of that strength on the general list was considerable during the early part of the day, but it steadily waned. There were some other upward movements, but these also had little effect upon the general list. But while prices in general refused to respond in sympathy with the points of strength they were not conspicuously affected by the heavy realizing that went on all day under cover of the strength of the two market leaders. In fact, it was not until Union Pacific itself relapsed in the last hour of the trading that the selling made any notable impression on prices. At that time there were sharp breaks all around, which carried the average level of prices below Thursday night, and the subsequent rallies were insignificant, the market closing heavy under renewed selling.

The extreme rise in St. Paul reached 6½ and in Union Pacific 1½. Colorado Fuel made another sensational advance of 11 points, with a relapse of 3½, and Tennessee Coal rose 4½, apparently in sympathy. Rumors continued that these companies were to be taken in by the United States Steel corporation.

There were also movements in other stocks. The jump in the call loan rate to 4½ per cent late in the day and the unexpected announcement of an engagement of \$500,000 in gold for shipment to Germany, which, however, it subsequently appeared, is not to go out today, were influences in the selling movement.

The bond market was irregular in sympathy with stocks. Total sales, par value, \$6,240,000.

U. S. 3s, registered, declined ¼ per cent on the last call.

MARKSMEN WERE DESERTERS.

Heavy Loss of Officers in the Skirmish at Lipa Explained.

Manila, June 15.—The recent battle with the insurgents at Lipa, in which Lieutenant Springer was killed and Captain Wilhelm and Lieutenant Lee were mortally wounded, was begun by the Americans.

The disproportionate number of officers hit is said to be chargeable to the fact that there were several deserters from the American army to the rebels.

Trolley Bills Advanced.

Harrisburg, June 15.—A short session of the house was held Friday, at which a large number of appropriation bills passed first and second reading. The Focht and Scott supplemental bills to the rapid transit laws passed first reading. A resolution reported from the rules committee and adopted, making bills on second reading the order of business for Monday night's session. Under this order the bills will be taken up for second reading.

BIG HOTEL BURNED.

Over 200 Guests Escaped, Most
Of Them In Night
Attire.

DEPARTED IN VARIEGATED CARS.

Some Women Dressed In Combina-
tions of Men and Women's Clothes.
Employees Escaped—Electric Lights
Went Out—Guests In Darkness.

West Baden, Ind., June 15.—Of the 268 persons who were in the Mineral Springs hotel here, it is now believed that every one escaped with his life. Mr. Sinclair, the proprietor, has been busy checking on the names, but the accuracy of his work is handicapped by the fact that all the records and papers, including the hotel register, were lost. Many of the guests left for their homes in various parts of the country, the most prominent going to Chicago, Louisville and Indianapolis. The rest are at French Lick. The loss on the hotel building is estimated at \$250,000, with insurance aggregating \$110,000. In addition to this the loss in diamonds, jewelry and clothing belonging to the guests, it is estimated, will reach \$50,000.

Many that left on the train were dressed in odd pieces of clothing, picked up from many sources.

WATCHMAN FAILED TO QUENCH FIRE.

The conflagration had its origin in the kitchen. The night watchman attempted to extinguish the blaze with hand grenades, but seeing his attempts were in vain he rushed to the office, notifying the night clerk, and together they ran rapidly through the halls, bursting open doors and yelling "fire." It was but a few moments after the discovery of the fire that the electric light circuit was burned out, and the panic-stricken guests groped around in their rooms for wearing apparel and other personal property. Out of the 268 guests who had registered at the hotel the evening before, only 12 succeeded in escaping from the burning building with all their personal property.

Any Leslie, the theatrical critic of a Chicago paper, who has been at the hotel with her niece for the past about two weeks, escaped with nothing but her night robes. Miss Leslie's traveling wardrobe consisted of a night robe, a gentleman's shirt, which she purchased at the village store, and her bath robe. Her little niece was provided for by an old colored woman, who furnished her with one of her little daughter's dresses.

Miss Sinclair, daughter of one of the proprietors of the hotel, had a very narrow escape, losing all her wearing apparel, diamonds and other personal property.

Fifty or sixty female employees of the hotel, who were quartered in the rooms on the upper floor of the new bath house, which has just been completed at a cost of \$70,000, escaped uninjured. This building, with the hotel, was also destroyed.

In about half an hour after the fire was discovered much of the building was ablaze. The building was provided with fire escapes, and on the front of the building, extending from the ground to the roof, was an escape built in a spiral fashion. It was through this that many of the guests got out.

Many Had Narrow Escapes.

Colonel Howard, general agent of a life insurance company of New York, barely escaped in his night clothing. Many others had narrow escapes.

The massive fireproof safe in the office contained \$10,000 in cash, which the guests had deposited for safe keeping. The safe is in the cellar, completely covered with the burning debris, and it will not be known for several days whether the valuables therein are safe.

The officials of the Monon railroad had been notified of their destitute condition, their tickets and money having been destroyed, and it was but a short time before a message was received from the general superintendent, inviting all to proceed to Chicago or any other point of their line free of charge.

After the fire women, dressed in their night robes, men's overcoats, hats and shoes, mingled in the crowd, congratulating each other on their narrow escapes.

The guests, or those of them who saved enough money, soon cleaned out the stock of the little country store. Women purchased men's sweaters, shirts and other articles of clothing.

An Early Georgia Monster.

In the fore part of August, 1812, a party of hunters found in a mountainous region now known as Rabun county, Ga., a being nearly eight feet high covered with bluish hair and having a human face adorned with immense ears resembling those of an ass. The creature was stone deaf and on that account seemed wholly unconscious of the approach of the men. This monster seems, from old accounts, to have been seen upon several occasions during the next four years.

In 1816 a number of adventurers from Virginia, most of them surveyors working up the unexplored portions of Georgia and the Carolinas, formed themselves into a party for the express purpose of capturing the uncanny being if possible. They scoured the hills and valleys for several days and at last returned unsuccessful to the starting point.

The many tales told of this extraordinary being seem to have created quite a stir all along the Atlantic coast. A printed circular issued by a land company in 1815 says, "The climate of Georgia is exceedingly mild, the soil productive, and the danger of attack from uncouth beasts which are represented as being half beast and half man are fairy tales not worthy of consideration."

AN ELECTRIC-CHARGED FENCE.

Coal Company So Protects Non-Union-
ists, Though Strikers Are Peace-
ful—More Families Evicted.

Williamsport, June 15.—Notwithstanding the assurance from the State Line and Sullivan Coal company that there would be no more evictions of miners' families at Bernice, Sullivan county, two more families were forced to move out of company houses on Wednesday.

The company has resorted to a vigorous method to prevent the men from reaching the pump station where the non-union workmen are employed. A seven-strand barb wire fence has been built about the pump house and dynamo plant, and these wires are heavily charged with electricity. On the fence are placed "danger" signals notifying the public to keep away from the fence. The fence is about seven feet high.

In addition to the fence several deputy sheriffs are employed. Sheriff Oster tried to get deputies from Laporte, but in this was unsuccessful. He obtained two at Stonewall.

The miners are peaceable, not the slightest indication of violence being shown. It is feared that evictions will become general, however, for there are at least 120 families who are yet occupying company houses.

BIDDLE WAS FOUND GUILTY.

First Degree Verdict Returned by
Jury In Kahney Case—Prison-
er Much Affected.

Pittsburg, June 15.—John D. Biddle was found guilty of murder in the first degree for killing Grocer Thomas Donnelly Kahney, of Mt. Washington, April 12 last.

After the usual preliminaries, Foreman Archibald Ritchey pulled the indictment from a pocket and read: "We find the defendant, John Biddle, alias John Wright, guilty of murder in the first degree."

The awful words struck Biddle with terrible force and caused him to nearly fall into his chair, but he regained his composure with one strong effort and stood until the clerk recorded the verdict. Without any indication from any officer Biddle fell right back into his chair. He kept his head erect, however, in the strenuous effort to maintain composure.

Later Crier Patterson took his arm and led him back of the bench toward the door leading to the bridge of sighs. The jury took three ballots.

A WOMAN ROBBED.

Thieves Then Fired House and Tried
to Prevent Her Escape.
Neighbors Armed.

Pittsburg, June 15.—Four men shadowed Mrs. Sadie Fowler, of Coverdale street, Thirty-fifth ward, for about five hours Thursday, and about 2 o'clock Friday morning bear her into insensibility, robbed her and burned down her home. When she tried to escape from the burning building the men held the doors, but the arrival of neighbors saved her from being suffocated. The robbers escaped.

The house was burned to the ground. The loss is placed at \$3,000, while Mrs. Fowler's loss from the fire will be in the neighborhood of \$500. There was no insurance on the furniture, but S. C. Cover, owner of the house, had it fully insured.

Mrs. Fowler is a widow, and has a large interest in the oil wells in this state and in West Virginia. She told the story of the robbery to the neighbors. She was not injured by the fire, but the blow on her head troubled her. Mrs. Fowler is 35 years of age and is a professional nurse.

The money the robbers secured amounted to \$52.

BLONDIN MET NO WOMAN.

Expressman Found Who Moved Sus-
pected Wife Murderer's Trunk.

Boston, June 15.—The belief that Mrs. Margaret Blondin was murdered in her room at 42 Green street on the evening of April 27 is gaining ground in police circles in this city. The expressman who took the Blondin trunk away from the boarding house on Green street was William Dean. Dean remembered the incident, as it was raining hard and as the man who engaged him rode with him.

Dean said he saw a check placed on the trunk before he left. Blondin had a ticket for Montreal. Blondin met no woman at the station. The baggage checker at the station corroborated Dean's story.

Special Officer Chapman also found the expressman who called for Blondin's trunk at the latter's lodgings on Howard street last Wednesday. He took it to the South Union station. The expressman told the police official that he checked the trunk to Springfield.

DR. PURINTON ELECTED.

Recalled to Act as President of West
Virginia University.

Morgantown, W. Va., June 15.—Daniel Boardman Purinton, Ph. D., now president of the Dennison university, of Granville, O., was elected president of the West Virginia university. He was chosen by unanimous vote of the board of regents.

A salary of \$4,000 a year was voted Dr. Purinton. He was at one time acting president.

Christian Nilsson's Illness.

Copenhagen, June 15.—Christian Nilsson is not, as reported by a news agency, seriously ill at Gothenburg, Sweden, but is in Paris, to which city the great singer recently returned from Mentone. She is not seriously ill, but suffers from rheumatism and the effects of influenza.

Russian Official Attacked.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—An obscure official of the ministry of the interior was attacked, but not injured, by a man who has not been identified. The incident gave rise to a report that a Nihilist outrage had been committed.

FIVE NEGROES WERE HANGED.

All on One Scaffold—Were Members
of Knights of Archer and Had
Killed Two Officers.

Sylvania, Ga., June 15.—Five negroes were hanged here for a murder committed under an alleged criminal conspiracy by an organized band of blacks known as "Knights of the Archer." The motto of the order, it is said, was "death to the whites."

One night in October, 1899, Milton Meads, a constable of Screven county; Filmore Harrington and Captain Jesse Wade started out for Sylvania to serve a warrant for the arrest of Joseph Sanders, a young negro wanted for some trivial offense. No sooner had they reached his house than a fusillade began. From the cracks between the logs of the cabin and from a thicket of dwarf trees close by came the flash of rifles and shotguns, and three men fell desperately wounded. Captain Wade managed to crawl to his buggy and make his way to Sylvania, where he told of the shooting. Harrington and Meads were shot to pieces.

Arnold Augustus, Andrew Davis, Richard Sanders, William Hudson and Samuel Baldwin were arrested, convicted of murder and paid the penalty on the scaffold, there being five nooses.

None of the negroes denied being guilty.

MORE RAILWAY CHARTERS.

Granted at Harrisburg—Two Pitts-
burg Applications Refused.

Harrisburg, June 15.—The Bituminous Street Railway company, of Clearfield, capitalized at \$150,000, was chartered by the state department to build 30 miles of track to connect Clearfield with Dubois, Falls Creek and other thickly populated districts in Clearfield county. President, George A. Lukehart, Dubois; directors, W. A. Engleman, J. B. Hess, J. A. Vashinder, Dubois; John M. Ury, Clearfield; J. N. Langham, Indiana, and John F. Warner, Philadelphia. These persons are also interested in the Old Town Street Railway company, of Curwensville, which was chartered to build a line seven miles long, with \$42,000 capital.

Five more charters were granted to the Mellon interests in Pittsburg.

W. C. Farnsworth, of Harrisburg, secured a charter for the Liberty Street and Brownsville Street railway, capital, \$9,000, to operate in Pittsburg.

Charters were refused the following Pittsburg companies because they intended to build their proposed lines on Grant and Beechwood boulevards: Seventh Avenue Street railway, capital, \$24,000.

Beechwood Avenue Street railway, capital, \$21,000.

The charters were applied for by W. C. Farnsworth, of Harrisburg.

STATEMENT BY ASHBRIDGE.

Claimed He Wasn't Certain That the
Letter He Threw Away Was
From Wanamaker.

Philadelphia, June 15.—A statement was made by Mayor Ashbridge in regard to the signing by him Thursday night of the 14 rapid transit bills passed by council on Wednesday.

The mayor said in part: "Regarding the alleged incident which took place at the new mint building, the facts have been grossly distorted. As I was sitting on the stage a young man rushed up to me after climbing his way through the crowd and handed me a letter. I did not know what it was, as it was handed to me upside down, and I called to him: 'Who are you? What is this?' The young man, who may have been Mr. Wanamaker's secretary, walked away rapidly. Without looking at the letter I threw it after him. It struck him on the back and fell at his feet. For a moment I thought it might have been another letter from Johnson. When a reporter picked it up and offered it to me I told him I did not know what it was, and if there were any bonds in it for him to keep them. I frequently receive letters on such occasions, but have no time to read them. This was another instance, and there is no more to say about it."

Prospective Tenant—Of course the house needs repairs.

Owner—Huh! Did you ever see a house that didn't?—Indianapolis News.

The first European book that ever appeared in the Japanese language was a translation from the German of Heine's songs.

MRS. WALTERS ELECTED.

Missionary Union of Reformed Presby-
terian Church Selects Officers.

Cincinnati, June 15.—At a session of the general synod of the Reformed Presbyterian church addresses were delivered by Thomas Higgerstaff, of Pittsburg, on Sabbath observance, and by Dr. David Steele, as the representatives of the western section of the alliance of the reform churches. An enthusiastic reception was tendered Rev. J. Sanderson, of Cedarville, O., as a fraternal delegate from a branch of the Reformed Presbyterian church. The response by Moderator Brownell joined in the hope that all the Reformed Presbyterians would become united again.

At the meeting of the Women's Missionary union Miss Mary Murdock, Cedarville, O., was elected president; first vice president, Mrs. Thomas Walters, Pittsburg; treasurer, Mrs. William Black, Pittsburg.

NATIONAL GAMES YESTERDAY.

Philadelphia-Cincinnati, rain.
Boston, 7; Pittsburg, 1.
New York, 4; Chicago, 1.
St. Louis, 10; Brooklyn, 2.

National Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	21	15	.583
Pittsburg	25	18	.581
Cincinnati	20	18	.526
St. Louis	22	20	.524
Philadelphia	21	20	.512
Brooklyn	20	21	.488
Boston	15	19	.441
Chicago	16	23	.356

American Games Yesterday.

Philadelphia, 7; Milwaukee, 0.
Chicago, 10; Baltimore, 5.
Boston, 16; Detroit, 7.
Washington-Cleveland, rain.

American Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	29	15	.659
Detroit	25	18	.581
Washington	19	15	.559
Boston	20	17	.541
Baltimore	17	19	.472
Philadelphia	19	22	.463
Cleveland	14	25	.359
Milwaukee	15	27	.357

Western Games Yesterday.

Columbus, 6; Marion, 1.
Indianapolis, 7; Wheeling, 2.
Louisville, 8; Fort Wayne, 7.
Dayton, 12; Toledo, 4.

Western Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Indianapolis	33	12	.733
Louisville	28	13	.689
Wheeling	26	19	.578
Dayton	22	22	.500
Toledo	19	24	.442
Marion	17	25	.405
Fort Wayne	17	29	.370
Columbus	15	30	.333



A Ray of Light

For woman's guidance is found in the fact that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures female weakness and the diseases of the delicate womanly organs which darken the lives of so many women with suffering and sorrow. That ray of light has penetrated many darkened chambers where women moaned in misery, and has guided them out to health and happiness. "Favorite Prescription" is not a tonic, not a palliative, but a positive cure for the diseases which are peculiar to women. It gives vigor and vitality. It banishes nervousness, headache, and all the aches which come from a diseased condition of the womanly organs. A temperance medicine, it contains neither alcohol nor narcotics.

"I was troubled for three years with ulceration and female weakness and my doctor gave me but little relief," writes Mrs. Lulu Hunter, of Allenton, St. Louis Co., Mo. "I saw an advertisement in the paper of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I began the use of it about a year ago. I took five bottles of it, and one bottle off 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and my health is better now than it was for years. I have also recommended these medicines to some of my friends, who suffered from female weakness, and good results have followed."

FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG
AND SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dinner Ware Away Down!

100-piece Decorated Dinner Set, regular
price \$18.00

NOW \$14.39.

\$16.00 Set now \$13.39. \$15.00 Set now \$12.29.
\$12.00 Set now \$10.35. \$10.00 Set now \$8.19.
\$9.00 Set now \$6.99. \$8.00 Set now \$5.49.

Chamber Sets One-Fourth Off!

All ware guaranteed for 25 years. Above prices good until further notice.

Second Floor, 31 East Main Street.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Two inches of rain fell at Canal Dover, Thursday night in one hour.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McConnell, of Terre Haute, Ind., are visiting friends in the city.

Miss Emma Bishop, of Medina, spent Thursday in the city, the guest of her brother, Dr. E. V. Bishop.

Mrs. Mary Lewis and Miss Harriet Lewis, of Thompson, Conn., are guests at the residence of J. K. Russell.

Edward Nill, who has been a student at Case school, Cleveland, has returned to Massillon to spend his vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Fox and Miss Marion Fox left last night for Cambridge Springs, Pa., where they will spend a week.

The engineers Thursday finished the survey for the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling switch to the proposed Pocock mine.

Frank H. Semon left Thursday for New York, whence he will sail for France in a few days. He will visit his birth place in Alsace-Lorraine.

Officials of the Canton-Alliance Railway Company say that rails for the line between the two cities have been purchased and that the road will be in operation before winter sets in.

Miss Margaret Malby, of Bernard college, N. Y., formerly a teacher in the Massillon high school, will be a guest at the Corns residence in Prospect street from Sunday afternoon to next Wednesday.

The police committee of the Alliance city council offers a reward of \$20. for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person violating the liquor or gambling ordinance of the city.

Robert Drake returned Wednesday from the state school for the deaf, in Columbus, which virtually closed Tuesday. He will remain throughout the summer at the home of his parents, in North street.

James Mertz, a wealthy farmer residing near Findlay, Thursday, died from hiccoughing. He was taken ill with the peculiar malady two weeks ago, and the best medical aid in the county was unable to give him relief.

H. A. French, formerly agent at the Canton station of the Pennsylvania railroad, has been appointed district passenger agent of the road, vice E. W. Page, resigned on account of ill health and assigned to other duties.

William E. Chase, aged 25, died at East Liverpool on Friday, from the effects of eating glass. A week ago he quarreled with a young woman, and in his anger broke a piece out of a pane of window glass and swallowed it. A day or two later he was taken seriously ill and died in great agony.

The pension department has awarded Nancy J. Finney, of Holmes county, one-half of her husband's pension, under the law of March 3, 1899, which provides that where pensioners desert their wives without any fault on her part, she may, upon proof of such fact, have one-half of his pension paid to her.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Anna Gordon Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Williams, to Dr. J. F. Campbell, of East Greenville, on Thursday evening, June 27, at 6 o'clock at the Williams residence. The newly married pair will be at home after August 1 at East Greenville.

A farewell party was given last night for Dr. M. L. Hindley, of the state hospital, who leaves Saturday for Monroe, which shall henceforth be his place of residence. Practically all of the attaches of the institution were present. There was dancing. Dr. Hindley's successor is Dr. H. H. Drysdale, of Cleveland.

New telephones have been placed as follows by the Central Union Company: William Johnson, residence, 154, D. S. Souers, residence, 298; Dr. C. P. Wolfe, office, 8 rings on 8; Evans & Co., office, 95; F. H. Killinger, residence, 66; Russell Engine Company, office, 10; J. W. McClymonds, barn, 69; Mossholder's creamery, 307.

Clifford Stouffer, of West Salem, has been committed to the Massillon state hospital. The unfortunate young fellow is laboring under the delusion that he is being harassed by persons who wish to take his life for the reason that he will not consent to marry a certain lady whom he declares he does not love and will not take for his wife.

Miss Edith E. Putman, daughter of Attorney Putman, of Wilmet, has returned from her home, after a successful year as instructor in the Roscoe Normal School. Before the school closed, she was unanimously tendered the principalship of the institution for the coming year, but declined, to accept a more desirable position at Poland, O.

Massillon Commandery No. 4, Knights Templars, on Thursday evening, June 13, elected officers as follows for the ensuing year: L. L. Nave, eminent commander; P. P. Kirchholer, generalissimo; John T. Gow, captain general; Francis Strobel, senior warden; H. B. Conrad, junior warden; J. I. Wilson, prelate; Z. T. Baltzy, treasurer; C. H. Garrigues, recorder; Wm. Stover, standard bearer; John Silk, sword bearer; E. E. Fox, warden.

The Rev. J. E. Digel returned Wednesday from North Amherst, where he attended the annual meeting of the Ohio District Evangelical Synod of North America. The meetings were held from Friday last until Tuesday. The Rev. Mr. Digel was reelected vice president of the Synod by acclamation and was also selected as one of the delegates to the General Synod which will meet in St. Louis in September. Six delegates

were selected and the Rev. Mr. Digel received the largest number of votes. One lay delegate will be selected by the Massillon congregation. The next meeting of the State Synod will be held in Springfield in June of next year.

Mr. Baba Shabaz, who, as a young man, was sent to this country from Persia to be educated for the ministry, and who, having finished his course at Capital university, is now on his way to his native land, where he will serve as a missionary of the Lutheran church, will speak at St. Paul's church, in the German and English languages, on Sunday morning, June 23.

A LAND OF SPORT.

Merry England as It was Found by Jack Boyd.

WHERE GAMES ARE CLEAN

Mr. Boyd, Who Has Just Returned from the British Isles, says Sport is Better in England than Here Because a Gambling Chance is all that the Bettors Look for, and "Grafters" are Frowned Down.

"The only place on the map for clean, good sport, after all, is old England," remarked Jack Boyd, of East Greenville, who Friday night returned from a visit of six weeks to the British Isles. A thorough sporting man, Mr. Boyd made it a point to get to everything in that line that took place in the parts of England that he visited. Most of Mr. Boyd's time was spent at Newcastle and vicinity, the great quoit pitching country. John Cornelius, of East Greenville, who accompanied Mr. Boyd to the Isles, went on to Wales, and will remain there for some time longer. Mr. Boyd says that while they were returning, one of the propellers of the Oceanic broke, and, one hundred miles out, they were forced to put back to the docks for repairs. "It looked as if the ship was going to go down at one stage," said he. "Yes, you see," continued Mr. Boyd. "England's a place where everybody likes a bit of sport. But the whole secret of the thing, so far as I'm able to figure it out, is that a sport lasts longer and is more popular over there than here, because it's more on the square. The English sporting man wants only a gambling chance, and he tries to keep down the grafters. In this country there are too many out for a sure thing, and, of course, after somebody gets nipped a couple of times, he's after somebody else, though he may be a sport at heart."

"Foot racing is still the big game over there. I saw several good contests, particularly a 125-yard handicap, with sixty starters. The prizes in this event amounted to five hundred dollars. I went to see a cricket contest, too, and I tell you it's a slow game. It isn't in it for a minute with baseball. Horse races are coming on over there. I saw several. There is no cock-fighting or anything of that kind, as in the old days, for the laws are stricter there than here. Quoit pitching is best game about Newcastle. I do a little pitching myself, you know, and it didn't take me long to get on a couple of matches. I won one of them."

"I got to see that fight between Jack O'Brien, of Philadelphia, and George Christy, of England, also. O'Brien won in the eleventh round. The place where the fight took place was open, and there was no hollering and harping about the contest. When you go into a sporting game over in England and sign up articles, it is understood that there is to be no appeal to the law, but the referee's decision stands and is final. That's a law of the land. You never hear of hard losers and their cases over there."

This was Mr. Boyd's first visit to England in nineteen years. He has two brothers and a sister living in the vicinity of Newcastle.

A WOMAN'S BACK

The Aches and Pains Will Disappear, if the Advice of this Massillon Citizen is Followed.

A woman's back has many aches and pains. Most of them are the kidney's fault. Backache is really kidney ache. That's why Doan's Kidney Pills cure.

Many Massillon women know this. Read what one has to say about it. Mrs. Jacob E. Strickler, at 88 North Mill street, says: "I was taken with kidney pain in the back, so persistent, but it did not yield to any treatment. My brother-in-law advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills as he knew what they would do from personal experience. They were bought at Z. T. Baltzy's drug store, 12 South W. street, and he relieved my pain promptly. I continued the treatment until I had used several boxes when I was absolutely cured. I am thankful my attention was attracted to this remedy. 'Take Doan's Kidney Pills' has become a household phrase with us."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Post-office box 111, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents, or the J. S. Remedy Co., same name, Doan's, and take no other.

MURDER TRIAL ENDED.

Mr. VERNON, O., June 15.—[By Associated Press]—The jury in the Houck murder trial today returned a verdict of murder in the second degree, after being out three hours. Houck killed Sarah Jane Hess, a widow living at Blandensburg, on March 10.

CANTON NEWS.

Election of Foresters—Man Hurt at Deuber Works.

CANTON, June 13.—The State court, Catholic Order of Foresters, last evening elected officers as follows: Chief ranger, Michael J. Herbert, Cleveland; vice chief ranger, Al C. Lehmann, Sandusky; secretary, James A. Cummings, Columbus; treasurer, J. J. Casey, Cincinnati; trustees, J. K. Jacober, of Cincinnati; Michael F. Cain, Cleveland; Paul Jander, Columbus; Fred Koehler, Cleveland.

Delegates to the international convention at Detroit in August: John I. Brown, Pittsburg; James T. Madigan, Cleveland; Charles A. Heilker, Cincinnati; James Farley, Columbus; Thomas Coughlin, Cleveland; James A. Divine, Chillicothe; Paul Miller, Sandusky; alternates, Henry B. Sibila, Massillon; E. M. Vietmeier, Pittsburg; Peter E. Dempsey, Washington Court House; George P. Ribar, Portsmouth; Frank F. Smith, Cleveland; E. A. Moriarity, Columbus; Frank M. Smith, Newark, and L. A. Vernier, Portsmouth.

The state officers will hold their seats for two years, according to the action of this convention. These conventions will be biennial hereafter. The next one was today fixed to be held in Toledo two years hence.

Charles Cernich, a night watchman at the Deuber works, fell from the third floor to the cellar through the elevator shaft at about 1.30 this morning. He is still unconscious. It is not known how the accident happened. His recovery is doubtful.

The case of Joseph Hamback against the Pennsylvania Company was also heard. Suit was brought to recover damages in the amount of \$8,000. Hamback drove a team onto the tracks of the company on East Third street in front of a train and the vehicle was demolished. The jury returned a verdict of \$500 for the plaintiff.

Motion for a new trial has been made in the case of J. J. Lutz against U. G. Shettler. This is the Bethlehem township case where suit was brought for \$250 said to be the value of a hog. The jury awarded the plaintiff \$100. Motion for new trial is made by the defendant.

Mrs. Cora Campbell, of Bergholz, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Anna Russell, in Seventh street, was arrested Thursday and taken to Columbus on a charge of changing a postal money order from five cents to \$100.05. She admitted her guilt, and stated that she would plead guilty when arraigned before the United States commissioner. Mrs. Campbell, who is not yet eighteen years old, is the wife of a miner.

The marriage of Judge Ralph S. Ambler and Miss Eva Phillips is to take place at the residence of the bride-elect's father, Dr. T. H. Phillips in North Cleveland avenue next Thursday at high noon. The wedding is to be a quiet one to which only immediate relatives will be invited.

The following assignments have been made for court room No. 1 for next week:

ROOM NO. 1—JUDGE MCARTY PRESIDING. Monday, June 17—Hearing motion docket: Skeels vs. Baker; Krumlauf vs. Meiser et al; Bivler vs. Snyder; Blackledge vs. Schott et al.

Tuesday—Hurford et al vs. Canton Hotel Co.; Wirth vs. McFarren; Thompson vs. Massillon Iron and Steel Co.

Wednesday—Koehler vs. Mossholder; Redman vs. Brishin; Wissmar, jr. vs. Postal Telegraph Co.

Thursday—Welton, jr. vs. Welton; The Wolf Co. vs. Motts & Hahn et al; Rice vs. C. L. & W. R. Co.; City of Canton vs. Burroway et al.

Friday—Rastetter vs. Canton-Massillon Electric Ry Co.; Hatcher vs. Reeder et al; Weaver vs. Clair; Zimmerman vs. Miller et al.

In the guardianship of Louisa Ielsch, et al, appraisal of real estate and bond has been ordered.

Fiscal account has been filed in the guardianship of Ransom A. Weimer, of Sugar creek township.

In the estate of Uriah D. Haverstack, of Perry township, the widow elects to take under the will.

Eighth account has been filed in the guardianship of Catherine Graber, of Perry township.

In the estate of Barbara Reigle, of Tuscarawas township, application for citation to take or renounce administrator filed and citation ordered.

A marriage license has been granted to John Garton and Miss Mary Schauffner, of Massillon.

Henry Seifert, a dealer in tea and coffee, today filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy. Assets, \$3,700; liabilities about the same.

Eczema, salt rheum, tetter, chafing, itchy poisoning and all skin troubles are quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The certain cure. Chas. W. Cupples, 129 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Noises, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c, and \$1. Large size contains 24 times as much. Book of choice recipes mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DEWITT & CO., Chicago. Chas. W. Cupples, 129 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

BIG DAY FOR Y. M. C. A.

Sunday, When Ministerial Delegates Are to Preach in Boston Pulpits.

MESSAGE FROM EDWARD THE VII

Was Followed by the Singing of a Great English Anthem, the Entire Audience Standing—Delegate Tried to Spring Darwinian Theor.

Boston, June 15.—To the ministerial delegates at the international Y. M. C. A. convention there came notices of assignments to Boston pulpits for Sunday, and that will be the day when the work of the Y. M. C. A. will be brought to the attention of the greatest number of people.

Among the section meetings the most striking incident occurred at that held in the First Baptist church. Here Christianity and evolution came into clash through a paper read by Dr. Winfield S. Hall, of Chicago, on "Modern Tendencies in the Development of the Race." He discussed racial development on the lines of the Darwinian theory. It caused discussion.

The chief interest in the general meeting was the attack on the business methods of the Y. M. C. A. by Rev. Dr. Canfield, of New York.

Last evening a message from King Edward VII was followed by the singing of "God Save the King," the entire audience standing.

NO UNITED STATES ENVOY.

Rumor From Rome of One Being Sent to Vatican Denied by State Department.

Washington, June 15.—A dispatch from Rome intimates that Cardinal Rampolla may take advantage of the ecclesiastical situation in the Philippines to compel President McKinley to send a diplomatic envoy to the Vatican. At the state department this is said to be impossible, as this nation does not recognize any ecclesiastical authority.

A serious objection to sending an envoy to the pope is that it would be an expression of opinion as to the claim of temporal power on the part of the head of the Catholic church. The claim has been controverted by Italy, and any action by the United States tending to recognize such claim would doubtless lead to the severance of diplomatic relations. This point is understood by the leaders of the church in America, such as Cardinal Gibbons, who explained the matter during his visit to Rome.

"And you didn't hear of it?" Inquired Mrs. Gabbie.

"Not one word."

"Why, I've known it for a week, so I supposed everybody heard of it!"—Philadelphia Times.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL. Wheat (old) 70 Hay, per ton 10 00 to 12 00 Straw, per ton \$7 90 8 00 Corn 40-45 Oats 25-24 Clover Seed 5 00 Timothy Seed 1 50-2 00 Rye, per bu 50 Barley 48 Flax seed 1 50 Wool 15-16

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel 40 New Potatoes 1 50 Beets, per bushel 40 Evaporated apples 07 Cabbage, per pound 14 White beans 2 09

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY

Butter 10-16 Eggs (fresh) 11 Chickens dressed 15-12

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham 11 Shoulder 08 Lard 09 Sides 06 to 07 Cheese 10-12

The following are retail prices: Bran, per 100 lbs. 30 Middlings 'per 100 lbs. 95

A fatal policy is to neglect a backache or other sign of kidney trouble. Foley's Kidney Cure is a sure remedy for Bright's disease, diabetes and gravel. Rider & Snyder.

This is good "hammock" weather. Come and get a choice of hammocks before the stock is broken. Babney's, 20 E. Main street.

Cheap Insurance.

Many a man has been insured against Bright's disease, diabetes or other dangerous ailment by a fifty cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure. Rider & Snyder.

Croquet Sets, 4, 6 and 8 Balls.

Golf Balls.

Base Ball Goods.

Hammocks.

BAHNEY'S BOOK STORE,

20 East Main St., MASSILLON.

GENERAL ILL HEALTH,



DISease with no specific name, which seems to combine stomach disorder, heart trouble, blood disorder and a host of other ills, and which can be described only by saying you feel "all knocked out" and "good for nothing," means that your kidneys are overburdened and need relief. Kidney derangement is almost always at the bottom of general ill health. Your doctor knows this, but he usually treats the various symptoms one at a time. Foley's Guaranteed Kidney Cure gets at the bottom of these troubles and cures them all at once.

You run no risk. Satisfactory results are guaranteed.

For cuts, bruises or sores BANNER SALVE is best.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

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